

COLPHENE FLAM 180
by SOPREMA

SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20
PUBLISHED DATE: 2026-03-20
EXPIRY DATE: 2029-03-20
PREPARER: Self-Prepared

Health Product
Declaration v3.0
created via: HPDC Online Builder

HPD UNIQUE IDENTIFIER: 614099388043264
HPD UNIQUE PRODUCT ID: Not provided.
CLASSIFICATION: 07 13 52 Modified Bituminous Sheet Waterproofing
PRODUCT TYPE: Sheet Waterproofing, Modified Bituminous
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: COLPHENE FLAM 180 is a thermofusible SBS-modified bitumen waterproofing membrane used on foundation walls, plaza decks and other below grade vertical and horizontal surfaces.

Section 1: SummaryNested Method / Material Threshold

CONTENT INVENTORY

Inventory Reporting Format → Nested Materials Method	Residuals/Impurities Evaluation Completed in 4 of 5 Materials	For all contents above the threshold, the manufacturer has:
Threshold Disclosed Per → Material	Explanation(s) provided for Residuals/Impurities? Yes	Characterized Provided weight and role. Yes
Threshold Level → 1,000 ppm		Screened Provided screening results using HPDC-approved methods. Yes
		Identified Provided name and CAS RN or other identifier. Yes

CONTENT IN DESCENDING ORDER OF QUANTITY

Summary of product contents and results from screening individual chemical substances against HPD Priority Hazard Lists and the GreenScreen for Safer Chemicals®. The HPD does not assess whether using or handling this product will expose individuals to its chemical substances or any health risk. Refer to Section 2 for further details.

NESTED MATERIAL | MATERIAL OR SUBSTANCE | RESIDUAL OR IMPURITY
GREENSCREEN SCORE | HAZARD TYPE
SBS-MODIFIED BITUMEN MIXTURE [ASPHALT (ASPHALT) LT-1 | CAN | MAM | GEN LIMESTONE; CALCIUM CARBONATE (LIMESTONE; CALCIUM CARBONATE) BM-3dg STYRENE BUTADIENE RUBBER (SBR) (STYRENE BUTADIENE RUBBER (SBR)) LT-UNK VANADIUM (VANADIUM) LT-1 | MUL | CAN | GEN LEAD (LEAD) BM-1 | END | PBT | MUL | CAN | DEV | REP | GEN | AQU | MAM POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS) LT-1 | PBT | CAN NAPHTHALENE (NAPHTHALENE) LT-1 | END | PBT | CAN | MUL | AQU | EYE | MAM NICKEL (NICKEL) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MAM | SKI | AQU HYDROGEN SULFIDE (HYDROGEN SULFIDE) LT-P1 | END | MUL | MAM | AQU | PHY | EYE] SATURANT FOR POLYESTER REINFORCEMENT [ASPHALT, OXIDIZED (ASPHALT, OXIDIZED) LT-1 | CAN | EYE HYDROGEN SULFIDE (HYDROGEN SULFIDE) LT-P1 | END | MUL | MAM | AQU | PHY | EYE NICKEL (NICKEL) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MAM | SKI | AQU VANADIUM (VANADIUM) LT-1 | MUL | CAN | GEN LEAD (LEAD) BM-1 | END | PBT | MUL | CAN | DEV | REP | GEN | AQU | MAM POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS) LT-1 | PBT | CAN NAPHTHALENE (NAPHTHALENE) LT-1 | END | PBT | CAN | MUL | AQU | EYE | MAM] POLYESTER REINFORCING MAT [POLYESTER (POLYESTER) NoGS] POLYPROPYLENE FILM [POLYPROPYLENE (POLYPROPYLENE) LT-UNK] COLORED SAND [QUARTZ BM-1 | CAN | MAM | GEN 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL LT-P1 | END | EYE | MAM TRIETHOXY(ETHYL)SILANE LT-UNK]

Number of Greenscreen BM-4/BM3 contents ... 1
Contents highest-concern GreenScreen score(s) (BM-1, LT-1, LT-P1) ... LT-1, BM-1, LT-P1
Nanomaterial ... No
INVENTORY AND SCREENING NOTES:

No substance other than those listed in this HPD have been added to the finished product during its manufacturing. The precise composition of the SBS-modified-bitumen mixture was not disclosed to protect proprietary information; ranges were given.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT
VOC Content data is not applicable for this product category.

COMPLIANCE See Section 3 for additional listings.
VOC emissions: CDPH Standard Method V1.1 (Section 01350/CHPS) -

Zero VOC emissions

Management: ISO 9001:2015 Quality management systems

Management: ISO 14001:2015 Environmental management systems

Management: ISO 45001:2018 Occupational health and safety
management system

CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER PROGRAMS

Pre-checked for LEED v4 Option 1.

Pre-checked for LEED v4.1 Option 1.

Pre-checked for LEED v5 Human Health 1.

This section lists contents in a product based on specific threshold(s) and reports detailed health information including hazards. This HPD uses the inventory method indicated above, which is one of three possible methods:

- Basic Inventory method with Product-level threshold.
- Nested Material Inventory method with Product-level threshold
- Nested Material Inventory method with individual Material-level thresholds

Definitions and requirements for the three inventory methods and requirements for each data field can be found in the HPD Open Standard version 3.0, available on the HPDC website at: www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-3-0-standard

SBS-MODIFIED BITUMEN MIXTURE %: 83.0000 - 84.0000

MATERIAL THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals were considered through information disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: The modified bitumen is composed of different substances blended to a homogeneous mixture.

ASPHALT (ASPHALT) ID: 8052-42-4

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:31	
%: 45.0000 - 55.0000	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Water resistance
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
CAN	US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens	Occupational Carcinogen		
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 3B - Evidence of carcinogenic effects but not sufficient for classification		
CAN	IARC	Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources		
MAM	GHS - Japan	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation [Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - Category 3]		
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]		
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]		
GEN	GHS - Japan	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]		
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION		
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists		
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Exact percentage not disclosed to protect proprietary information.				

LIMESTONE; CALCIUM CARBONATE (LIMESTONE; CALCIUM CARBONATE) ID: 1317-65-3

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:32

%: **35.0000 - 50.0000**
 GreenScreen: **BM-3dg**
 RC: **None**
 NANO: **No**
 SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Filler**

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
None found		No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Exact percentage not disclosed to protect proprietary information.		

STYRENE BUTADIENE RUBBER (SBR) (STYRENE BUTADIENE RUBBER (SBR))
ID: **9003-55-8**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:32	
%: 5.0000 - 10.0000	GreenScreen: LT-UNK	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Polymer species
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
None found		No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists		
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION		
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists		
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Exact percentage not disclosed to protect proprietary information.				

VANADIUM (VANADIUM)
ID: **7440-62-2**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library		HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:33		
%: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters		Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters	
CAN	MAK		Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels	
CAN	MAK		Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man	
GEN	MAK		Germ Cell Mutagen 2	
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists	
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Vanadium may be present as an impurity in asphalt.				

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library**HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2026-03-20 10:11:35**%: **0.0001**GreenScreen: **BM-1**RC: **None**NANO: **No**SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Impurity/Residual**

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors	Potential Endocrine Disruptor
PBT	OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern	PBT - Chemical for Priority Action
PBT	OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants	Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1
MUL	ChemSec - SIN List	CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels
CAN	IARC	Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
DEV	G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals	Developmental Neurotoxicant
CAN	US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens	(1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen
CAN	IARC	Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans
DEV	CA EPA - Prop 65	Developmental toxicity
PBT	US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP)	Priority PBT
PBT	US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs	PBT
DEV	US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs	Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity
REP	US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs	Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity
REP	EU - Annex VI CMRs	Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A
GEN	MAK	Germ Cell Mutagen 3a
REP	CA EPA - Prop 65	Reproductive Toxicity - Female
REP	CA EPA - Prop 65	Reproductive Toxicity - Male
CAN	GHS - Korea	H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1]
REP	GHS - Korea	H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1]
REP	GHS - Japan	H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A]
DEV	GHS - Australia	H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B]
REP	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B]

AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
DEV	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation]
REP	GHS - New Zealand	Reproductive toxicity category 1
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 2
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
GEN	GHS - Australia	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]
GEN	GHS - Japan	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Japan	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
AQU	GHS - Korea	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Korea	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
GEN	GHS - New Zealand	Germ cell mutagenicity category 2
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Acute oral toxicity category 3
REP	GHS - New Zealand	Effects on or via lactation
CAN	GHS - Australia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
REP	EU - SVHC List	Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list
REP	EU - SVHC List	Toxic to reproduction - Prioritized for listing
REP	EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs	Reproductive toxicants: Category 1A
DEV	MAK	Pregnancy Risk Group A

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Perkins+Will (P+W)	P&W - Precautionary List Precautionary list of substances recommended for avoidance
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Certain Metals
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective February 1, 2025 Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 All Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Electronics (RoHS)
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Children's Toy Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Cosmetics and Personal Care Products
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Lead may be present as an impurity in asphalt.		

POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS)

ID: 130498-29-2

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:35	
%: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
PBT	OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern	PBT - Chemical for Priority Action		
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man		
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen		
PBT	WA DoE - PBT	PBT		
PBT	US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs	PBT		

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective February 1, 2025
		Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025
		All Products
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons may be present as impurity in asphalt.		

NAPHTHALENE (NAPHTHALENE)

ID: 91-20-3

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:36	
%: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors	Potential Endocrine Disruptor		
PBT	OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern	PBT - Chemical for Priority Action		
END	ChemSec - SIN List	Endocrine Disruption		
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man		
MUL	ChemSec - SIN List	CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant		
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters	Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters		
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen		
CAN	IARC	Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans		
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man		
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen		
PBT	US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP)	Priority PBT		
PBT	WA DoE - PBT	PBT		
PBT	US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs	PBT		
CAN	US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens	(1986) Group C - Possible human Carcinogen		
CAN	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]		
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]		
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]		

EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 2
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1
MAM	GHS - Japan	H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]
CAN	EU - Annex VI CMRs	Carcinogen Category 2 - Suspected human Carcinogen
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]
CAN	GHS - Malaysia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
AQU	GHS - Malaysia	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Malaysia	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
CAN	GHS - Australia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Antimicrobials
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective February 1, 2025 Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 All Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Cosmetics and Personal Care Products

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Naphthalene may be present as an impurity in asphalt.

NICKEL (NICKEL)				ID: 7440-02-0
HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:33	
%: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
CAN	US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens	Occupational Carcinogen
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be a human Carcinogen
CAN	IARC	Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
RES	MAK	Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization
CAN	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 2
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Australia	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]
CAN	EU - Annex VI CMRs	Carcinogen Category 2 - Suspected human Carcinogen
SKI	GHS - New Zealand	Skin sensitisation category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
CAN	GHS - Australia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Certain Metals
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 All Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Children's Toy Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Cosmetics and Personal Care Products
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Nickel may be present as an impurity in asphalt.		

HYDROGEN SULFIDE (HYDROGEN SULFIDE)

ID: **7783-06-4**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:33	
%: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-P1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors	Potential Endocrine Disruptor		
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters	Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters		
MAM	US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances	Extremely Hazardous Substances		
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]		
MAM	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 1 or 2]		
PHY	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]		
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2		
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1		
MAM	GHS - Japan	H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]		
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Acute inhalation toxicity category 2		
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1		
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]		

AQU	GHS - Japan	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
AQU	GHS - Korea	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
EYE	GHS - Korea	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/irritation - Category 2]
MAM	Québec CSST - WHMIS 1988	Class D1A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
MAM	GHS - Korea	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 2]
PHY	GHS - Korea	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
PHY	Québec CSST - WHMIS 1988	Class B1 - Flammable gases
MAM	GHS - Japan	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas) - Category 2]
PHY	GHS - Japan	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Australia	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 1 or 2]
EYE	GHS - Japan	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage / eye irritation - Category 2A]
AQU	GHS - Malaysia	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
PHY	GHS - New Zealand	Flammable gas category 1A
PHY	GHS - Malaysia	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Malaysia	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 1 or 2]
PHY	GHS - Australia	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Hydrogen sulfide may be present as an impurity in asphalt.

SATURANT FOR POLYESTER REINFORCEMENT

%: 10.0000 - 12.0000

MATERIAL THRESHOLD: 1000 ppm

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Asphalt derived from crude oil

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals were considered through information disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

ASPHALT, OXIDIZED (ASPHALT, OXIDIZED)

ID: 64742-93-4

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:36	
%: 100.0000	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Water resistance
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
CAN	MAK		Carcinogen Group 3B - Evidence of carcinogenic effects but not sufficient for classification	
CAN	MAK		Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man	
EYE	GHS - Korea		H318 - Causes serious eye damage [Serious eye damage/irritation - Category 1]	
CAN	IARC		Group 2A - Agent is probably carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources	
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists	

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Oxidized asphalt is one option for reinforcement saturation.

HYDROGEN SULFIDE (HYDROGEN SULFIDE)

ID: 7783-06-4

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:33	
%: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-P1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors		Potential Endocrine Disruptor	
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters		Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters	
MAM	US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances		Extremely Hazardous Substances	
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]	
MAM	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 1 or 2]	
PHY	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]	
EYE	GHS - New Zealand		Eye irritation category 2	
MAM	GHS - New Zealand		Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1	
MAM	GHS - Japan		H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]	
MAM	GHS - New Zealand		Acute inhalation toxicity category 2	

AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Japan	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
AQU	GHS - Korea	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
EYE	GHS - Korea	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/irritation - Category 2]
MAM	Québec CSST - WHMIS 1988	Class D1A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
MAM	GHS - Korea	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 2]
PHY	GHS - Korea	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
PHY	Québec CSST - WHMIS 1988	Class B1 - Flammable gases
MAM	GHS - Japan	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas) - Category 2]
PHY	GHS - Japan	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Australia	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 1 or 2]
EYE	GHS - Japan	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage / eye irritation - Category 2A]
AQU	GHS - Malaysia	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
PHY	GHS - New Zealand	Flammable gas category 1A
PHY	GHS - Malaysia	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Malaysia	H330 - Fatal if inhaled [Acute toxicity (inhalation) - Category 1 or 2]
PHY	GHS - Australia	H220 - Extremely flammable gas [Flammable gases - Category 1]
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Hydrogen sulfide may be present as an impurity in asphalt.

%: **0.0001**

GreenScreen: **LT-1**

RC: **None**

NANO: **No**

SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Impurity/Residual**

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
CAN	US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens	Occupational Carcinogen
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be a human Carcinogen
CAN	IARC	Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
RES	MAK	Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization
CAN	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 2
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Australia	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]
CAN	EU - Annex VI CMRs	Carcinogen Category 2 - Suspected human Carcinogen
SKI	GHS - New Zealand	Skin sensitisation category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
CAN	GHS - Australia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Certain Metals
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 All Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Children's Toy Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Cosmetics and Personal Care Products

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Nickel may be present as an impurity in asphalt.

VANADIUM (VANADIUM)

ID: **7440-62-2**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:34	
#: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters	Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters		
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels		
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man		
GEN	MAK	Germ Cell Mutagen 2		
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION		
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists		

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Vanadium may be present as an impurity in asphalt.

LEAD (LEAD)

ID: **7439-92-1**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:35	
#: 0.0001	GreenScreen: BM-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors	Potential Endocrine Disruptor
PBT	OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern	PBT - Chemical for Priority Action
PBT	OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants	Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1
MUL	ChemSec - SIN List	CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 4 - Non-genotoxic carcinogen with low risk under MAK/BAT levels
CAN	IARC	Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
DEV	G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals	Developmental Neurotoxicant
CAN	US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens	(1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen
CAN	IARC	Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans
DEV	CA EPA - Prop 65	Developmental toxicity
PBT	US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP)	Priority PBT
PBT	US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs	PBT
DEV	US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs	Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity
REP	US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs	Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity
REP	EU - Annex VI CMRs	Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A
GEN	MAK	Germ Cell Mutagen 3a
REP	CA EPA - Prop 65	Reproductive Toxicity - Female
REP	CA EPA - Prop 65	Reproductive Toxicity - Male
CAN	GHS - Korea	H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1]
REP	GHS - Korea	H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1]
REP	GHS - Japan	H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A]
DEV	GHS - Australia	H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B]
REP	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]

DEV	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation]
REP	GHS - New Zealand	Reproductive toxicity category 1
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 2
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
GEN	GHS - Australia	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]
GEN	GHS - Japan	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Japan	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
AQU	GHS - Korea	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Korea	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
GEN	GHS - New Zealand	Germ cell mutagenicity category 2
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Acute oral toxicity category 3
REP	GHS - New Zealand	Effects on or via lactation
CAN	GHS - Australia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
REP	EU - SVHC List	Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list
REP	EU - SVHC List	Toxic to reproduction - Prioritized for listing
REP	EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs	Reproductive toxicants: Category 1A
DEV	MAK	Pregnancy Risk Group A

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Perkins+Will (P+W)	P&W - Precautionary List Precautionary list of substances recommended for avoidance
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Certain Metals
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective February 1, 2025 Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 All Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Electronics (RoHS)
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Children's Toy Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Cosmetics and Personal Care Products

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Lead may be present as an impurity in asphalt.

POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS)
ID: 130498-29-2

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:36	
#: 0.0001	GreenScreen: LT-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Impurity/Residual

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
PBT	OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern	PBT - Chemical for Priority Action
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
PBT	WA DoE - PBT	PBT
PBT	US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs	PBT
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective February 1, 2025
		Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025
		All Products
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons may be present as an impurity in asphalt.		

NAPHTHALENE (NAPHTHALENE)

ID: **91-20-3**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2026-03-20 10:11:33**

%: **0.0001** GreenScreen: **LT-1** RC: **None** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Impurity/Residual**

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors	Potential Endocrine Disruptor
PBT	OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern	PBT - Chemical for Priority Action
END	ChemSec - SIN List	Endocrine Disruption
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man
MUL	ChemSec - SIN List	CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters	Class 3 - Severe Hazard to Waters
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen
CAN	IARC	Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
PBT	US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP)	Priority PBT

PBT	WA DoE - PBT	PBT
PBT	US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs	PBT
CAN	US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens	(1986) Group C - Possible human Carcinogen
CAN	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 2
CAN	GHS - Japan	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1
MAM	GHS - Japan	H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]
CAN	EU - Annex VI CMRs	Carcinogen Category 2 - Suspected human Carcinogen
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 1
AQU	GHS - Japan	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]
CAN	GHS - Malaysia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]
AQU	GHS - Malaysia	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Malaysia	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
CAN	GHS - Australia	H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2]

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Antimicrobials
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective February 1, 2025 Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 All Products
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025 Cosmetics and Personal Care Products
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Naphthalene may be present as an impurity in asphalt.		

POLYESTER REINFORCING MAT %: 4.9000 - 5.0000

MATERIAL THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: No MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals were not considered because information could not be disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Polyester reinforcing mat is responsible for the product's mechanical properties.

POLYESTER (POLYESTER)					ID: 113669-95-7
HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:34		
%: 100.0000	GreenScreen: NoGS	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Structure component	
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS		
None found			No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists		
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION		
None found			No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists		
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Polyester fibres in a non-woven configuration.					

POLYPROPYLENE FILM %: 0.3000 - 0.3000

MATERIAL THRESHOLD: 100 ppm RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: No MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals were not considered because information could not be disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Polypropylene film is used as the bottom surfacing material.

POLYPROPYLENE (POLYPROPYLENE)

ID: 9003-07-0

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:34		
%: 100.0000	GreenScreen: LT-UNK	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Anti-adhesive agent	
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS		
None found			No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists		
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION		
None found			No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists		
SUBSTANCE NOTES: BOPP film.					

COLORED SAND

?: 0.2000

MATERIAL THRESHOLD: 1000 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: No	MATERIAL TYPE: Geologically Derived Material
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RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals were not considered because information could not be disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Colored sand is used to generate lay lines on top surface of this product.

QUARTZ

ID: 14808-60-7

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:35		
%: 98.0000 - 99.0000	GreenScreen: BM-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Dye	

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
CAN	US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens	Occupational Carcinogen
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen - specific to chemical form or exposure route
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be Human Carcinogen (respirable size - occupational setting)
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be a human Carcinogen
CAN	GHS - Japan	H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1A]
CAN	GHS - Australia	H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation [Carcinogenicity - Category 1A or 1B]
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 1
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
GEN	GHS - Japan	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]
MAM	GHS - Australia	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals were not considered because information could not be disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

ID: 112-34-5

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:36	
%, 0.2000	GreenScreen: LT-P1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Dye

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
END	TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors	Potential Endocrine Disruptor
EYE	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2
EYE	GHS - Australia	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]
EYE	GHS - Japan	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage / eye irritation - Category 2A]
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List
		Some Solvents
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4.1 Product Standard Restricted Substances - Effective July 1, 2025
		All Products

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals were not considered because information could not be disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

TRIETHOXY(ETHYL)SILANE

ID: **78-07-9**

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2026-03-20 10:11:34	
%: 0.1000	GreenScreen: LT-UNK	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Dye
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
None found			No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists	
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
None found			No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists	

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Residuals were not considered because information could not be disclosed to the manufacturer by the materials suppliers.

This section lists applicable certification and standards compliance information for VOC emissions and VOC content. Other types of health or environmental performance testing or certifications completed for the product may be provided.

VOC EMISSIONS	CDPH Standard Method V1.1 (Section 01350/CHPS) - Zero VOC emissions	
COMPLIANCE TYPE: Self-declared CERTIFIER/VERIFIER/TESTING LAB/AUDITOR: N/A COMPLIANCE DETAILS: COMPLIANCE SCOPE: APPLICABLE FACILITIES: N/A COMPLIANCE URL: COMPLIANCE NOTES: N/A - This product is an exterior product therefore is not to be tested for VOC emissions.	ISSUE DATE: 2019-02-28	EXPIRY DATE: No expiration
MANAGEMENT	ISO 9001:2015 Quality management systems	
COMPLIANCE TYPE: Third Party CERTIFIER/VERIFIER/TESTING LAB/AUDITOR: SGS ICS COMPLIANCE DETAILS: COMPLIANCE SCOPE: APPLICABLE FACILITIES: Facilities covered by this certification: St Julien du Sault, France; Strasbourg, France; Val de Reuil, France; Sorgues, France; Luynes, France; Ambert, France; Cestas, France; La Chapelle Saint Luc, France; Saint Rambert, France; Golbey, France; Drummondville, Québec, Canada; Chilliwack, British Columbia, Canada; Wadsworth, Ohio, USA; Richmond, Québec, Canada; Gulfport, Mississippi, USA; Beauport, Québec, Canada; Oberrosbach, Germany; Grobbendonk, Belgium; Andenne, Belgium; Ijlst, Netherlands; Chignolo d'Isola Bergamo, Italy; Frosinone, Italy; San Vito al Tagliamento, Italy; Verolanuova, Italy; Salgareda, Italy; Blonie, Poland; Spreitenbach, Switzerland; Cham, Switzerland. COMPLIANCE URL: https://my.assets-library.com/m/5ca3578b6bc9370d/original/ISO-Certification-9001.pdf COMPLIANCE NOTES: Certificate number FR18/81842815. Although all the plants cited above are covered by the certification, the only plants that manufacture the product covered by this HPD are the plants in Drummondville and Chilliwack.	ISSUE DATE: 2024-06-11	EXPIRY DATE: 2027-05-07
MANAGEMENT	ISO 14001:2015 Environmental management systems	

CERTIFIER/VERIFIER/TESTING LAB/AUDITOR: SGS ICS

COMPLIANCE DETAILS:

COMPLIANCE SCOPE:

APPLICABLE FACILITIES: Facilities covered by this certification: St Julien du Sault, France; Strasbourg, France; Val de Reuil, France; Sorgues, France; La Chapelle Saint Luc, France; Saint Rambert, France; Golbey, France; Drummondville, Québec, Canada; Chilliwack, British Columbia, Canada; Wadsworth, Ohio, USA; Richmond, Québec, Canada; Beauport, Québec, Canada; Grobbendonk, Belgium; Andenne, Belgium; Ijlst, Netherlands; Chignolo d'Isola Bergamo, Italy; Frosinone, Italy; Salgareda, Italy; San Vito al Tagliamento, Italy; Verolanuova, Italy; Blonie, Poland; Spreitenbach, Switzerland; Cham, Switzerland.

COMPLIANCE URL: <https://my.assets-library.com/m/72af61115c92b4fa/original/ISO-Certification-14001.pdf>

COMPLIANCE NOTES: Certificate number FR18/81842816. Although all the plants cited above are covered by the certification, the only plants that manufacture the product covered by this HPD are the plants in Drummondville and Chilliwack.

MANAGEMENT

ISO 45001:2018 Occupational health and safety management system

COMPLIANCE TYPE: Third Party

ISSUE DATE: 2024-06-11

EXPIRY DATE: 2027-05-07

CERTIFIER/VERIFIER/TESTING LAB/AUDITOR: SGS ICS

COMPLIANCE DETAILS:

COMPLIANCE SCOPE:

APPLICABLE FACILITIES: Facilities covered by this certification: St Julien du Sault, France; Strasbourg, France; La Chapelle Saint Luc, France; Saint Rambert, France; Drummondville, Québec, Canada; Chilliwack, British Columbia, Canada; Beauport, Québec, Canada; Wadsworth, Ohio, USA; Gulfport, Mississippi, USA; Andenne, Belgium; Chignolo d'Isola Bergamo, Italy; Frosinone, Italy; San Vito al Tagliamento, Italy; Verolanuova, Italy; Salgareda, Italy.

COMPLIANCE URL: <https://my.assets-library.com/m/1fce2bb79b81bea7/original/ISO-Certification-45001.pdf>

COMPLIANCE NOTES: Certificate number FR18/81842817. Although all the plants cited above are covered by the certification, the only plants that manufacture the product covered by this HPD are the plants in Drummondville and Chilliwack.

+ Section 4: Accessories

This section lists related products or materials that the manufacturer requires or recommends for installation (such as adhesives or fasteners), maintenance, cleaning, or operations. For information relating to the contents of these related products, refer to their applicable Health Product Declarations, if available.

BITUMINOUS-BASED PRIMER

MANUFACTURER (OR GENERIC): SOPREMA

HPD URL: No HPD Available

ACCESSORY TYPE: Installation Accessory

CONDITION WHEN RECOMMENDED OR REQUIRED AND/OR OTHER NOTES: The use of a primer may be required or recommended depending on the type of substrate on which is installed SOPRALENE FLAM 180. Acceptable primers include ELASTOCOL 500 (340 g/L VOC content) and ELASTOCOL 350 (31 g/L VOC content).



Section 5: General Notes

Residuals could not be considered for all materials as information was not provided to the manufacturer by raw materials suppliers.

MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER: **SOPREMA**
ADDRESS: **1688 Jean-Berchmans-Michaud**
Drummondville, Quebec J2C 8E9
COUNTRY: **Canada**

WEBSITE: **www.soprema.ca**
CONTACT NAME: **Jean-François Côté**
TITLE: **Director, Standards and Scientific Affairs**
PHONE: **877-626-6688 x114211**
EMAIL: **jfcote@soprema.ca**

The listed contact is responsible for the validity of this HPD and attests that it is accurate and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.

KEY

Hazard Types

AQU Aquatic toxicity	LAN Land toxicity	PHY Physical hazard (flammable or reactive)
CAN Cancer	MAM Mammalian/systemic/organ toxicity	REP Reproductive
DEV Developmental toxicity	MUL Multiple	RES Respiratory sensitization
END Endocrine activity	NEU Neurotoxicity	SKI Skin sensitization/irritation/corrosivity
EYE Eye irritation/corrosivity	NF Not found on Priority Hazard Lists	UNK Unknown
GEN Gene mutation	OZO Ozone depletion	
GLO Global warming	PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic	

GreenScreen (GS)

BM-4 Benchmark 4 (prefer-safer chemical)	LT-P1 List Translator Possible 1 (Possible Benchmark-1)
BM-3 Benchmark 3 (use but still opportunity for improvement)	LT-1 List Translator 1 (Likely Benchmark-1)
BM-2 Benchmark 2 (use but search for safer substitutes)	LT-UNK List Translator Benchmark Unknown
BM-1 Benchmark 1 (avoid - chemical of high concern)	NoGS No GreenScreen.
BM-U Benchmark Unspecified (due to insufficient data)	

GreenScreen Benchmark scores sometimes also carry subscripts, which provide more context for how the score was determined. These are DG (data gap), TP (transformation product), and CoHC (chemical of high concern). For more information, see 2.2.2.4 GreenScreen® for Safer Chemicals, www.greenscreenchemicals.org, and Best Practices for Hazard Screening on the HPDC website (hpd-collaborative.org).

Recycled Types

PreC Pre-consumer recycled content
PostC Post-consumer recycled content
UNK Inclusion of recycled content is unknown
None Does not include recycled content

Other Terms:

GHS SDS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Safety Data Sheet

Inventory Methods:

Nested Method / Material Threshold	Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per material
Nested Method / Product Threshold	Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per product
Basic Method / Product Threshold	Substances listed individually per threshold indicated per product

Nano	Composed of nano scale particles or nanotechnology
Third Party Verified	Verification by independent certifier approved by HPDC
Preparer	Third party preparer, if not self-prepared by manufacturer
Applicable facilities	Manufacturing sites to which testing applies

The Health Product Declaration (HPD) Open Standard provides for the disclosure of product contents and potential associated human and environmental health hazards. Hazard associations are based on the HPD Priority Hazard Lists, the GreenScreen List Translator™, and when available, full GreenScreen® assessments. The HPD Open Standard is not:

- a method for the assessment of exposure or risk associated with product handling or use,*
- a method for assessing potential health impacts of: (i) substances used or created during the manufacturing process or (ii) substances created after the product is delivered for end use.*

Information about life cycle, exposure and/or risk assessments performed on the product may be reported by the manufacturer in appropriate Notes sections, and/or, where applicable, in the Certifications section.

The HPD Open Standard was created and is supported by the Health Product Declaration Collaborative (the HPD Collaborative), a customer-led organization composed of stakeholders throughout the building industry that is committed to the continuous improvement of building products through transparency, openness, and innovation throughout the product supply chain.

The product manufacturer and any applicable independent verifier are solely responsible for the accuracy of statements and claims made in this HPD and for compliance with the HPD standard noted.