

HPD UNIQUE IDENTIFIER: 103764754432

CLASSIFICATION: 03 63 00 Epoxy Grouting

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: K Pro UW Grout is a marine-grade, 100% solids, two component, extended pot life, and moisture insensitive epoxy resin system, specifically engineered for use in the restoration of structural pile members in underwater applications. K Pro UC Epoxy Grout is a low viscosity resin that may be filled with aggregate to produce a flowable, pumpable, and pourable epoxy grout. K Pro UW Grout does not contain fillers or non-reactive diluents, may be used in fresh, salt, or brackish water, and bonds effectively to wood, concrete, steel, and fiberglass pile jackets.

Section 1: Summary

Nested Method / Product Threshold

CONTENT INVENTORY

Inventory Reporting Format	Threshold Level	Residuals/Impurities Evaluation	
☒ Nested Materials Method	☒ 100 ppm	Completed in 10 of 10 Materials	For all contents above the threshold, the manufacturer has: Characterized ☒ Yes ☐ No
☐ Basic Method	☐ 1,000 ppm		Provided weight and role.
Threshold Disclosed Per		Explanation(s) provided for Residuals/Impurities?	Screened ☒ Yes ☐ No
☐ Material	☐ Per GHS SDS		Provided screening results using HPDC-approved methods.
☒ Product	☐ Other	☒ Yes ☐ No	Identified ☒ Yes ☐ No
			Provided name and CAS RN or other identifier.

CONTENT IN DESCENDING ORDER OF QUANTITY

Summary of product contents and results from screening individual chemical substances against HPD Priority Hazard Lists and the GreenScreen for Safer Chemicals®. The HPD does not assess whether using or handling this product will expose individuals to its chemical substances or any health risk. Refer to Section 2 for further details.

NESTED MATERIAL | MATERIAL OR SUBSTANCE | RESIDUAL OR IMPURITY

GREENSCREEN SCORE | HAZARD TYPE

FILLER (AGGREGATE) [QUARTZ BM-1] CAN | MAM | GEN]

POLYMER (PART A) [BISPHENOL A EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER LT-P1] MUL | SKI | EYE | AQU] CURING AGENT 1 (PART B) [ADIPONITRILE LT-UNK] MAM | SKI | EYE] DILUTENT (PART A) [((2-METHYLPHENOXY)METHYL)OXIRANE LT-P1] MUL | SKI | AQU | GEN | MAM] FLY ASH (AGGREGATE) [FLY ASH LT-UNK] CROSSLINKER (PART B) [DIAMINOPOLYPROPYLENE GLYCOL LT-UNK] MUL | SKI | EYE | MAM] SOLVENT 1 (PART B) [BENZYL ALCOHOL BM-2] EYE | MAM | SKI | AQU] CURING AGENT 2 (PART B) [1,2-DIAMINOCYCLOHEXANE LT-UNK] SKI | EYE] SOLVENT 2 (PART B) [(POLYETHYL)BENZENES BM-1] MUL | MAM | SKI | AQU] POLYMER (PART B) [BISPHENOL A EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER LT-P1] MUL | SKI | EYE | AQU]

Number of Greenscreen BM-4/BM3 contents ... 0

Contents highest-concern GreenScreen score(s) (BM-1, LT-1, LT-P1) ... LT-P1, BM-1

Nanomaterial ... No

INVENTORY AND SCREENING NOTES:

This HPD was produced using primary information from the manufacturer, including CAS numbers and SDS when needed. The manufacturer has made every effort to report the substances in this product to the listed threshold. This is a voluntary, self-reported effort. Any errors or omissions shall be considered a human error and therefore reported to the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall not be liable for omissions. Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.”

*Form-Specific Hazard: This substance's GreenScreen Benchmark or List Translator score and the applicable hazards are related to particulate inhalation, which is expected to occur only during manufacture, installation, maintenance, or demolition, due to activities such as sawing, sanding, grinding, or intensive cleaning. For this reason, this score is intentionally omitted from the "Contents highest concern" line above. See HPDC's Special Conditions policy for more information.

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT

Material (g/l): 0 Regulatory (g/l): 100

Does the product contain exempt VOCs: No

Are colorants available that do not increase the VOC content of the base paint when tinted: N/A

CERTIFICATIONS AND COMPLIANCE See Section 3 for additional listings.

VOC emissions: CDPH Standard Method - Not tested

VOC content: MAS Certified Green - VOC Content

CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER PROGRAMS

Pre-checked for LEED v4 Option 1.

Pre-checked for LEED v4.1 Option 1.

This section lists contents in a product based on specific threshold(s) and reports detailed health information including hazards. This HPD uses the inventory method indicated above, which is one of three possible methods:

- Basic Inventory method with Product-level threshold.
- Nested Material Inventory method with Product-level threshold
- Nested Material Inventory method with individual Material-level thresholds

Definitions and requirements for the three inventory methods and requirements for each data field can be found in the HPD Open Standard version 2.3, available on the HPDC website at: www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-2-3-standard

FILLER (AGGREGATE)			%: 20.0000 - 30.0000		
PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm		RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes		MATERIAL TYPE: Geologically Derived Material	

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES:

QUARTZ

ID: 14808-60-7

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:24:55		
%: 99.0000	GreenScreen: BM-1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler	

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
CAN	US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens	Occupational Carcinogen**
CAN	CA EPA - Prop 65	Carcinogen - specific to chemical form or exposure route**
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be Human Carcinogen (respirable size - occupational setting)**
CAN	MAK	Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man**
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is carcinogenic to humans - inhaled from occupational sources**
CAN	IARC	Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans**
CAN	US NIH - Report on Carcinogens	Known to be a human Carcinogen**
CAN	GHS - Japan	H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1A]**
CAN	GHS - Australia	H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation [Carcinogenicity - Category 1A or 1B]**
CAN	GHS - New Zealand	Carcinogenicity category 1**
MAM	GHS - Japan	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]**
GEN	GHS - Japan	H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]**
MAM	GHS - Australia	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1]**
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure category 1**
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: "Only a few elements can replace silicon in the quartz lattice (substitutional positions) or are small enough to occupy free spaces in the lattice (interstitial positions). In natural quartz crystals, the most common ones to replace Si are Al, Fe, Ge, and Ti, whereas Li, Na, Ca, Mg and Fe often occupy interstitial positions in the "c-channels"." [Mindat] - Per the Phraos database

**Form-Specific Hazard: This substance's GreenScreen Benchmark or List Translator score and the applicable hazards are related to particulate inhalation, which is expected to occur only during manufacture, installation, maintenance, or demolition, due to activities such as sawing, sanding, grinding, or intensive cleaning. See HPDC's Special Conditions policy for more information. Manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet (SDS), if applicable, may offer occupational health and safety information.

POLYMER (PART A)	%: 20.0000 - 28.0000	
PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes	MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This additive is covered under strict intellectual property rights.

BISPHENOL A EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER

ID: 25068-38-6

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library

HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:22:53

%: 90.0000 - 100.0000

GreenScreen: LT-P1

RC: UNK

NANO: No

SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters	Class 2 - Hazard to Waters
SKI	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2]
EYE	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2
SKI	GHS - Australia	H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2]
EYE	GHS - Australia	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]
SKI	GHS - Japan	H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion / irritation - Category 2]
SKI	GHS - New Zealand	Skin sensitisation category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 2
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Japan	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4 Product Standard Restricted Substances List (RSL) - Effective July 1, 2022
		Core Restrictions
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective April 1, 2023
		Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Bisphenol-A-diglycidylether polymer is manufactured from BPA epoxy resins. Epoxy resins are based on BPA and epichlorohydrin also known as BPA diglycidylether epoxy resins (BADGE resins).

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes	MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Organic Compound
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RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Information concerning this additive is considered as intellectual proprietary.

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library

HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:28:40

%: 99.0000 - 100.0000

GreenScreen: LT-UNK

RC: PreC

NANO: No

SUBSTANCE ROLE: Curing agent

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
MAM	US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances	Extremely Hazardous Substances
SKI	GHS - New Zealand	Skin irritation category 2
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2
MAM	GHS - Japan	H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Acute inhalation toxicity category 3
MAM	GHS - Japan	H311 - Toxic in contact with skin [Acute Toxicity (dermal) - Category 3]
MAM	GHS - New Zealand	Acute oral toxicity category 3
MAM	GHS - Japan	H301 - Toxic if swallowed [Acute Toxicity (oral) - Category 3]
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Some Solvents
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)	GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List Certain Metals

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Adiponitrile is a complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of products from the hydrogenation of adiponitrile. It contains such compounds as 6-aminohexanamide, 6-aminohexanenitrile, bishexamethylenetriamine, 1,2-cyclohexanediamine, and decanediamines. [ChemicalBook]. It's important to note that the actual material used may not necessarily match the exact ingredient listed. This information is intended for screening purposes only, since the given CAS RN does not appear on any HPD Priority Lists.

DILUTENT (PART A)

%: 4.0000 - 8.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Organic Compound

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: To protect confidentiality, percentages are shown in a range.

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:24:01	
%: 99.0000 - 100.0000	GreenScreen: LT-P1	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Diluent
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters		Class 2 - Hazard to Waters	
SKI	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2]	
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]	
GEN	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]	
MAM	GHS - Japan		H335 - May cause respiratory irritation [Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - Category 3]	
SKI	GHS - New Zealand		Skin irritation category 2	
SKI	GHS - Australia		H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2]	
GEN	GHS - Australia		H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects [Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2]	
SKI	GHS - New Zealand		Skin sensitisation category 1	
AQU	GHS - New Zealand		Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 2	
AQU	GHS - Australia		H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]	
GEN	EU - Annex VI CMRs		Mutagen - Category 2	
GEN	GHS - New Zealand		Germ cell mutagenicity category 2	
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)		GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List	
			Some Solvents	
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)		C2C Certified v4 Product Standard Restricted Substances List (RSL) - Effective July 1, 2022	
			Children's Products	
SUBSTANCE NOTES: No residuals or impurities are expected to be present at or above 100 ppm.				

FLY ASH (AGGREGATE)

?: 4.0000 - 8.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes	MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Industrial waste/ by-product
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RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: Fly ash is produced from the combustion of coal in electric utility or industrial boilers. Class F ashes are typically derived from bituminous and anthracite coals and consist primarily of an alumino-silicate glass, with quartz, mullite, and magnetite also present. Class F, or low calcium fly ash has less than 10 percent CaO. [Federal Highway Administration]

FLY ASH

ID: 68131-74-8

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library		HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:27:17		
%: 90.0000 - 99.0000	GreenScreen: LT-UNK	RC: PreC	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Filler
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS		
None found		No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists		
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION		
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists		
SUBSTANCE NOTES: Fly ash is considered a pre-consumer waste product under the LEED program. Fly ash is produced from the combustion of coal in electric utility or industrial boilers.				

CROSSLINKER (PART B)

%: 3.0000 - 7.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes	MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Organic Compound
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RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: The manufacturer maintains rigorous intellectual property rights over this additive.

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Per the Pharos database, no residuals or impurities are available for this substance.

%: 3.0000 - 6.0000

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

Pro UW Grout

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library			HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:30:03	
%: 98.0000 - 99.0000	GreenScreen: BM-2	RC: None	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Solvent
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
EYE	GHS - New Zealand		Eye irritation category 2	
EYE	GHS - Australia		H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]	
MAM	GHS - Japan		H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure - Category 1]	
MAM	GHS - Japan		H370 - Causes damage to organs [Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure - Category 1]	
SKI	GHS - New Zealand		Skin sensitisation category 1	
AQU	GHS - Japan		H401 - Toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 2]	
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)		GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List	
			Antimicrobials	
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)		GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List	
			Some Solvents	
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)		C2C Certified v4 Product Standard Restricted Substances List (RSL) - Effective July 1, 2022	
			Children's Products	
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CP II)		C2C Certified v4 Product Standard Restricted Substances List (RSL) - Effective July 1, 2022	
			Cosmetics & Personal Care Products	
SUBSTANCE NOTES: No residuals or impurities are expected to be present at or above 100 ppm.				

CURING AGENT 2 (PART B)

%: 2.0000 - 5.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm	RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes	MATERIAL TYPE: Other: Organic Compound
RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.		

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES:

1,2-DIAMINOCYCLOHEXANE

ID: 694-83-7

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library

HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:29:18

%: 100.0000

GreenScreen: LT-UNK

RC: UNK

NANO: No

SUBSTANCE ROLE: Curing agent

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
SKI	GHS - New Zealand	Skin corrosion category 1C
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Serious eye damage category 1

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
None found		No listings found on Additional Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Per the Pharos database, no residuals or impurities are available for this substance.

SOLVENT 2 (PART B)

%: 2.0000 - 5.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: 100 ppm

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES EVALUATION COMPLETED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Polymeric Material

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: To protect confidentiality, percentages are shown in a range.

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library		HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:30:42		
%: 100.0000	GreenScreen: BM-1	RC: UNK	NANO: No	SUBSTANCE ROLE: Solvent
HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		WARNINGS	
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters		Class 2 - Hazard to Waters	
MAM	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1		H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways [Aspiration hazard - Category 1]	
MAM	GHS - Japan		H335 - May cause respiratory irritation [Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure - Category 3]	
SKI	GHS - Japan		H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion / irritation - Category 2]	
AQU	GHS - Japan		H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]	
AQU	GHS - Japan		H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]	
ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE		NOTIFICATION	
RESTRICTED LIST	Green Science Policy Institute (GSPI)		GSPI - Six Classes Precautionary List	
			Some Solvents	
SUBSTANCE NOTES: TSCA Definition 2008: Obtained from distillation of aromatic streams and consisting of mainly aromatic hydrocarbons with carbon numbers of C9 through C16 and boiling range of 165 deg C to 290 deg C.				

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Residuals and impurities are considered following the HPD Best Practice Guidance, 10.02.17, version 1 “The threshold applied to Residuals and Impurities (R/I) is the same as that applied to intentionally added substances, i.e., 100 ppm or 1000 ppm. Residuals and impurities below the declared Inventory Threshold do not need to be reported on the HPD.” This includes average data declared in the common product database or peer-reviewed scientific articles. For this product, no actual material has been tested. Therefore, residuals and impurities are for informational purposes only and are not a guarantee of presence in the actual building material. Pharos and PubChem (formerly TOXNOT) are the main databases for researching potential residuals and impurities. Any R/I above the threshold shall be listed on the HPD; otherwise, if none are listed, then no residuals or impurities are common in that substance above the threshold.

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES:

BISPHENOL A EPICHLOROHYDRIN POLYMER

ID: 25068-38-6

HAZARD DATA SOURCE: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library

HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2023-12-29 15:23:30

%: 90.0000 - 100.0000

GreenScreen: LT-P1

RC: UNK

NANO: No

SUBSTANCE ROLE: Binder

HAZARD TYPE	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	WARNINGS
MUL	German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters	Class 2 - Hazard to Waters
SKI	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2]
EYE	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]
AQU	EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]
EYE	GHS - New Zealand	Eye irritation category 2
SKI	GHS - Australia	H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2]
EYE	GHS - Australia	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation [Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A]
SKI	GHS - Japan	H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion / irritation - Category 2]
SKI	GHS - New Zealand	Skin sensitisation category 1
AQU	GHS - New Zealand	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic category 2
AQU	GHS - Japan	H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Japan	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]
AQU	GHS - Australia	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 2]

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS	LIST NAME AND SOURCE	NOTIFICATION
RESTRICTED LIST	Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute (C2CPII)	C2C Certified v4 Product Standard Restricted Substances List (RSL) - Effective July 1, 2022 Core Restrictions
RESTRICTED LIST	International Living Future Institute (ILFI)	Living Building Challenge 4.0 - Red List of Materials & Chemicals - Effective April 1, 2023 Red List substances to avoid in Living Building Challenge V4.0 projects
SUBSTANCE NOTES: No residuals or impurities at or above 100 ppm,		

Section 3: Certifications and Compliance

This section lists applicable certification and standards compliance information for VOC emissions and VOC content. Other types of health or environmental performance testing or certifications completed for the product may be provided.

VOC EMISSIONS	CDPH Standard Method - Not tested	
CERTIFYING PARTY: Self-declared	ISSUE DATE: 2024-01-05 00:00:00	CERTIFIER OR LAB: None
APPLICABLE FACILITIES: 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore, MD, USA.	EXPIRY DATE:	
CERTIFICATE URL:		
CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE NOTES:		

VOC CONTENT	MAS Certified Green - VOC Content	
CERTIFYING PARTY: Self-declared	ISSUE DATE: 2024-01-05 00:00:00	CERTIFIER OR LAB:
APPLICABLE FACILITIES: 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore, MD, USA.	EXPIRY DATE:	kaufmanproducts
CERTIFICATE URL:		
CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE NOTES: This is not MAS Green Certification. The VOC content is self-reported by using primary information i.e. SDS. VOC content= 0 grams/liter		

Section 4: Accessories

This section lists related products or materials that the manufacturer requires or recommends for installation (such as adhesives or fasteners), maintenance, cleaning, or operations. For information relating to the contents of these related products, refer to their applicable Health Product Declarations, if available.

No accessories are required for this product.

Section 5: General Notes

APPLICATIONS:

Pile Jacketing applications
Underwater Grouting
Pumping applications
Tremie Grouting
Piers
Dams
Sea Walls
Bridges
Marine Structures
Multipurpose Epoxy Grout

Proportioning/Mixing:

The volumetric ratio of K Pro UW Grout is 2:1 (A:B) for the epoxy to hardener. To mix, proportion two parts A and 1 part B into a clean pail. Mix thoroughly for 2-3 minutes with a paddle on a low speed (400-600 rpm) drill until blend is a uniform color.

Packaging/Yield:

High Flow Epoxy Grout: One 3-gallon unit of epoxy and hardener when mixed with two bags of aggregate will yield 1.03 ft3 of flowable epoxy grout.

Storage Conditions:

Store dry at 40-95°F. Condition material to 65-85°F before using.

Mix Ratio: 2:1 by Volume

Gel Time (ASTM C-881): 50-60 Minutes

Viscosity (ASTM D-2556): 400-600 cps.

Shelf Life: 2 Years

MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER: **Kaufman Products, Inc.**
ADDRESS: **3811 Curtis Avenue**
Baltimore, Maryland 21226
COUNTRY: **United States**

WEBSITE: **kaufmanproducts.net**
CONTACT NAME: **Alex Kaufman**
TITLE: **President**
PHONE: **4103548600**
EMAIL: **akaufman@kaufmanproducts.net**

The listed contact is responsible for the validity of this HPD and attests that it is accurate and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.

KEY

Hazard Types

AQU Aquatic toxicity	LAN Land toxicity	PHY Physical hazard (flammable or reactive)
CAN Cancer	MAM Mammalian/systemic/organ toxicity	REP Reproductive
DEV Developmental toxicity	MUL Multiple	RES Respiratory sensitization
END Endocrine activity	NEU Neurotoxicity	SKI Skin sensitization/irritation/corrosivity
EYE Eye irritation/corrosivity	NF Not found on Priority Hazard Lists	UNK Unknown
GEN Gene mutation	OZO Ozone depletion	
GLO Global warming	PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic	

GreenScreen (GS)

BM-4 Benchmark 4 (prefer-safer chemical)	LT-P1 List Translator Possible 1 (Possible Benchmark-1)
BM-3 Benchmark 3 (use but still opportunity for improvement)	LT-1 List Translator 1 (Likely Benchmark-1)
BM-2 Benchmark 2 (use but search for safer substitutes)	LT-UNK List Translator Benchmark Unknown
BM-1 Benchmark 1 (avoid - chemical of high concern)	NoGS No GreenScreen.
BM-U Benchmark Unspecified (due to insufficient data)	

GreenScreen Benchmark scores sometimes also carry subscripts, which provide more context for how the score was determined. These are DG (data gap), TP (transformation product), and CoHC (chemical of high concern). For more information, see 2.2.2.4 GreenScreen® for Safer Chemicals, www.greenscreenchemicals.org, and Best Practices for Hazard Screening on the HPDC website (hpd-collaborative.org).

Recycled Types

PreC Pre-consumer recycled content
PostC Post-consumer recycled content
UNK Inclusion of recycled content is unknown
None Does not include recycled content

Other Terms:

GHS SDS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Safety Data Sheet

Inventory Methods:

Nested Method / Material Threshold Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per material
Nested Method / Product Threshold Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per product
Basic Method / Product Threshold Substances listed individually per threshold indicated per product

Nano Composed of nano scale particles or nanotechnology
Third Party Verified Verification by independent certifier approved by HPDC
Preparer Third party preparer, if not self-prepared by manufacturer
Applicable facilities Manufacturing sites to which testing applies

The Health Product Declaration (HPD) Open Standard provides for the disclosure of product contents and potential associated human and environmental health hazards. Hazard associations are based on the HPD Priority Hazard Lists, the GreenScreen List Translator™, and when available, full GreenScreen® assessments. The HPD Open Standard v2.1 is not:

- a method for the assessment of exposure or risk associated with product handling or use,*
- a method for assessing potential health impacts of: (i) substances used or created during the manufacturing process or (ii) substances created after the product is delivered for end use.*

Information about life cycle, exposure and/or risk assessments performed on the product may be reported by the manufacturer in appropriate Notes sections, and/or, where applicable, in the Certifications section.

The HPD Open Standard was created and is supported by the Health Product Declaration Collaborative (the HPD Collaborative), a customer-led organization composed of stakeholders throughout the building industry that is committed to the continuous improvement of building products through transparency, openness, and innovation throughout the product supply chain.

The product manufacturer and any applicable independent verifier are solely responsible for the accuracy of statements and claims made in this HPD and

